UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/665,204	09/22/2003	Gang Wang	031188	5746
	590 01/18/200 KRATZ OUNTOS		EXAM	INER
ARMSTRONG, KRATZ, QUINTOS, HANSON & BROOKS, LLP 1725 K STREET, NW SUITE 1000 WASHINGTON, DC 20006			SEFER, AHMED N	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Wishington	, 20 20000		2826	
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MON	THS	01/18/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/665,204	WANG ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	A. Sefer	2826	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	I	he correspondence address	
Period for Reply			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS , cause the application to become ABAND	ION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 No. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final.	•	
	n parto Quayro, 1000 O.D. 11	, 400 0.0. 210.	
Disposition of Claims			
 4) Claim(s) 17-21 and 23 is/are pending in the appearance 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 17-21 and 23 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers	,		
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the objected to by the Examiner 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner 	epted or b) objected to by t drawing(s) be held in abeyance. ion is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Appli ity documents have been rec ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	cation No eived in this National Stage	
Attach			
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Sumn Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:	il Date	

Application/Control Number: 10/665,204

Art Unit: 2826

DETAILED ACTION

Page 2

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 11/6/2006 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. Claims 17 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 17 recites the limitation "said ... layers are arranged ..." in last line of claim 17.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 17-19, 21 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Matsuoka et al. ("Matsuoka") USPN 5,557,117.

Matsuoka discloses in fig. 2 a semiconductor light-receiving device for high-speed and large-capacity optical fiber communication comprising: a semi-insulating substrate 1; a

Art Unit: 2826

semiconductor layer 2a of a first conduction type that is formed on the semi-insulating substrate; a buffer layer 3a of the first conduction type that is formed on the semiconductor layer; a light absorption layer 5a that is formed on the buffer layer -- note that generating carriers in accordance with incident light is a desired result rather than a structural limitation. See In re-Schreiber, 128 F.3d 1473, 1477-78, 44 USPQ2d 1429, 1431-32 (Fed. Cir. 1997); See also In re Swinehart, 439 F.2d210, 212-13, 169 USPQ 226, 228-29 (CCPA 1971; In re Danly, 263, F.2d 844, 847, 120 USPQ 528, 531 (CCPA 1959); a semiconductor layer of a second conduction type 6a that is formed on the light absorption layer; a semiconductor intermediate tunneling layer 4a of the first conduction type that is interposed between the buffer layer and the light absorption layer and having a higher impurity concentration than the buffer layer, wherein said substrate and layers are arranged to form a semiconductor light-receiving device.

As for claims 18 and 19, the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed arrangement or any unexpected results arising therefrom. Where patentability is said to be based upon particular chosen dimensions or upon another variable recited in a claim, the applicant must show that the chosen dimensions are critical. In re Woodruff, 919 F.2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

Regarding claim 21, Matsuoka discloses the light absorption layer and the semiconductor layer of the second conduction type form a mesa structure, with light entering the light absorption layer through a side surface of the light absorption layer that is exposed in a process of forming the mesa structure.

Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Matsuoka. 5.

Application/Control Number: 10/665,204

Page 4

Art Unit: 2826

Matsuoka discloses in fig. 5 a semiconductor light-receiving device for high-speed and large-capacity optical fiber communication comprising: a semiconductor substrate of a first conduction type; a buffer layer 3a of the first conduction type that is formed on the semiconductor substrate and having a lower impurity concentration than the semiconductor substrate; a light absorption layer 5a that is formed on the buffer layer -- note that generating carriers in accordance with incident light is a desired result rather than a structural limitation. See In re Schreiber, 128 F.3d 1473, 1477-78, 44 USPQ2d 1429, 1431-32 (Fed. Cir. 1997); See also In re Swinehart, 439 F.2d210, 212-13, 169 USPQ 226, 228-29 (CCPA 1971; In re Danly, 263, F.2d 844, 847, 120 USPQ 528, 531 (CCPA 1959); a semiconductor layer 6a of a second conduction type that is formed on the light absorption layer; and a high-concentration semiconductor intermediate layer 4a of the first conduction type that is interposed between the buffer layer and the light absorption layer having a higher impurity concentration than the buffer layer; wherein said substrate and layers are arranged to form a semiconductor light-receiving device.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 17, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ajisawa (both of record) in view of Buchanan et al. ("Buchanan") US PG-Pub 2003/0211648.

Ajisawa discloses in fig. 6 a semiconductor light-receiving device comprising: a semi-insulating substrate; a buffer layer 64 of the first conduction type that is formed on the semiconductor layer; a light absorption layer 66 that is formed on the buffer layer and generates carriers in accordance with incident light; a semiconductor layer of a second conduction type 67 that is formed on the light absorption layer; a semiconductor intermediate layer 65 of the first conduction type that is interposed between the buffer layer and the light absorption layer, but lacks anticipation of a semiconductor layer of a first conduction type that is formed on the semi-insulating substrate or a semiconductor intermediate layer having a higher impurity concentration than the buffer layer.

Buchanan discloses in fig. 7 a semiconductor light-receiving device comprising: a semi-insulating substrate 1; a semiconductor layer 5 of a first conduction type that is formed on the semi-insulating substrate; a buffer layer 4g of the first conduction type that is formed on the semiconductor layer; a light absorption layer 4e that is formed on the buffer layer and generates carriers in accordance with incident light; a semiconductor layer of a second conduction type 3 that is formed on the light absorption layer; a high-concentration semiconductor intermediate tunneling layer 4f of the first conduction type that is interposed between the buffer layer and the light absorption layer having a higher impurity concentration than the buffer layer and a thickness and impurity concentration within the recited range (as in claim 19).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate Buchanan's teachings with Ajisawa's device since that would produce a large variety of imaging devices as taught by Buchanan.

Application/Control Number: 10/665,204

Art Unit: 2826

As for claim 20, Buchanan discloses a contact layer 5 of first conduction type interposed

between the substrate and the buffer layer with a predetermined potential being supplied to the

contact layer through an electrode.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to A. Sefer whose telephone number is (571) 272-1921.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Wael Fahmy can be reached on (571) 272-1705.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would

like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

ANS

January 8, 2007

A. Sefer

Patent Examiner

Page 6

Art Unit 2826